

ABSTRACT

A textile dyeing method comprises a drying step 100 of drying a natural material within a set temperature range in which a coloring component of the natural material is hardly altered, thereby bringing the natural material into an absolutely dried state or a state close to it, a pulverizing step 200 of pulverizing the dried natural material obtained in the drying step 100 into fine powder of not larger than particle size being passable through at least 80 mesh in terms of sieve standards while controlling temperature of the natural material not to exceed the set temperature range, and a dyeing step 300 of mixing and dispersing the fine powdery natural material obtained in the pulverizing step 200 into a liquid, and immersing a textile in the liquid containing the fine powdery natural material in suspended condition, thus causing the fine powdery natural material suspended in the liquid to be physically attached to the textile, whereby the textile is dyed in the same color as that of the natural material. The textile dyeing method capable of dyeing a textile in the same color as that of a natural material with high fastness is provided along with a dyed textile, a dye, and a drying apparatus used in producing the dye.